

# Package ‘officedown’

June 29, 2020

**Type** Package

**Title** Enhanced 'R Markdown' Format for 'Word' and 'PowerPoint'

**Version** 0.2.0

**Description** Allows production of 'Microsoft' corporate documents from 'R Markdown' by reusing formatting defined in 'Microsoft Word' documents. You can reuse table styles, list styles but also add column sections, landscape oriented pages. Table and image captions as well as cross-references are transformed into 'Microsoft Word' fields, allowing documents edition and merging without issue with references; the syntax conforms to the 'bookdown' cross-reference definition. Objects generated by the 'officer' package are also supported in the 'knitr' chunks. 'Microsoft PowerPoint' presentations also benefit from this as well as the ability to produce editable vector graphics in 'PowerPoint' and also to define placeholder where content is to be added.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**Imports** knitr, rmarkdown, officer (>= 0.3.12), xml2, rlang, uuid,  
grDevices, yaml, utils, memoise, rvg (>= 0.2.2)

**Suggests** ggplot2, flextable, bookdown (>= 0.13)

**URL** <https://davidgohel.github.io/officedown>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/davidgohel/officedown/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.0

**SystemRequirements** pandoc (>= 2.0) - <http://pandoc.org>

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** David Gehel [aut, cre, cph],  
Institut für Qualitätssicherung und Transparenz im Gesundheitswesen  
[fnd],  
Noam Ross [aut] (rmarkdown implementation for rvg),  
ArData [cph]

**Maintainer** David Gohel <david.gohel@ardata.fr>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2020-06-29 19:30:03 UTC

## R topics documented:

knit_print_block . . . . .	2
knit_print_run . . . . .	3
rdocx_document . . . . .	4
rpptx_document . . . . .	8

**Index** **10**

---

knit_print_block	<i>Force Block Printing while Knitting</i>
------------------	--

---

### Description

When used in a loop, calls to blocks do not generate output because knit\_print method is not called. Use the function to force printing. Also you should tell the chunk to use results 'as-is' (by adding results='asis' to your chunk header).

### Usage

```
knit_print_block(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	a block object, result of a block function from officer package
...	unused arguments

### Value

None. the function only print XML code.

### See Also

Other functions that force printing: [knit\\_print\\_run\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
library(rmarkdown)
rmd_file_src <- system.file(
  package = "officedown", "examples", "word_loop.Rmd")
rmd_file_des <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rmd")
if(pandoc_available()){
  file.copy(rmd_file_src, to = rmd_file_des)
```

```
docx_file_1 <- tempfile(fileext = ".docx")
render(rmd_file_des, output_file = docx_file_1, quiet = TRUE)

if(file.exists(docx_file_1)){
  message("file ", docx_file_1, " has been written.")
}
}
```

---

knit_print_run	<i>Force Run Printing while Knitting</i>
----------------	--

---

## Description

When used in a loop, runs do not outputs because knit\_print method is not called. Use the function to force printing. Also you should tell the chunk to use results 'as-is' (by adding results='asis' to your chunk header).

## Usage

```
knit_print_run(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	a run object, result of a run function from officer package
...	unused arguments

## Value

None. the function only print XML code.

## See Also

Other functions that force printing: [knit\\_print\\_block\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
library(rmarkdown)
rmd_file_src <- system.file(
  package = "officedown", "examples", "word_loop.Rmd")
rmd_file_des <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rmd")
if(pandoc_available()){

  file.copy(rmd_file_src, to = rmd_file_des)
  docx_file_1 <- tempfile(fileext = ".docx")
  render(rmd_file_des, output_file = docx_file_1, quiet = TRUE)

  if(file.exists(docx_file_1)){
    message("file ", docx_file_1, " has been written.")
  }
}
```

**Description**

Format for converting from R Markdown to an MS Word document. The function comes also with improved output options.

**Usage**

```
rdocx_document(
  base_format = "rmarkdown::word_document",
  tables = list(),
  plots = list(),
  lists = list(),
  mapstyles = list(),
  reference_num = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

- |             |  |
|-------------|--|
| base_format | a scalar character, format to be used as a base document for officedown. default to <a href="#">word_document</a> but can also be word_document2 from bookdown   |
| tables      | <p>a list that can contain few items to style tables and table captions. Missing items will be replaced by default values. Possible items are the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• style: the Word stylename to use for tables.</li> <li>• layout: 'autofit' or 'fixed' algorithm. See <a href="#">table_layout</a>.</li> <li>• width: value of the preferred width of the table in percent (base 1).</li> <li>• caption; caption options, i.e.:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– style: Word stylename to use for table captions.</li> <li>– pre: prefix for numbering chunk (default to "Table ").</li> <li>– sep: suffix for numbering chunk (default to ": ").</li> </ul> </li> <li>• conditional: a list of named logical values:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– first_row and last_row: apply or remove formatting from the first or last row in the table</li> <li>– first_column and last_column: apply or remove formatting from the first or last column in the table</li> <li>– no_hband and no_vband: don't display odd and even rows or columns with alternating shading for ease of reading.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

Default value is (in R format):

```
list(
  style = "Table", layout = "autofit", width = 1,
  caption = list(
```

```

    style = "Table Caption", pre = "Table ", sep = ": "),
  conditional = list(
    first_row = TRUE, first_column = FALSE, last_row = FALSE,
    last_column = FALSE, no_hband = FALSE, no_vband = TRUE
  )
)
)

```

Default value is (in YAML format):

```

style: Table
layout: autofit
width: 1.0
caption:
  style: Table Caption
  pre: 'Table '
  sep: ':'
conditional:
  first_row: true
  first_column: false
  last_row: false
  last_column: false
  no_hband: false
  no_vband: true

```

## plots

a list that can contain few items to style figures and figure captions. Missing items will be replaced by default values. Possible items are the following:

- `style`: the Word stylename to use for plots.
- `align`: alignment of figures in the output document (possible values are 'left', 'right' and 'center').
- `caption`; caption options, i.e.:
  - `style`: Word stylename to use for figure captions.
  - `pre`: prefix for numbering chunk (default to "Figure ").
  - `sep`: suffix for numbering chunk (default to ": ").

Default value is (in R format):

```

list(
  style = "Normal", align = "center",
  caption = list(
    style = "Image Caption",
    pre = "Figure ",
    sep = ": "
  )
)
)

```

Default value is (in YAML format):

```

style: Normal
align: center
caption:
  style: Image Caption

```

	pre: 'Figure '
	sep: ': '
lists	a list containing two named items <code>ol.style</code> and <code>ul.style</code> , values are the style-names to be used to replace the style of ordered and unordered lists created by pandoc. If NULL, no replacement is made. Default value is <code>list(ol.style = NULL, ul.style = NULL)</code> :  <code>ol.style: null</code> <code>ul.style: null</code>
mapstyles	a named list of style to be replaced in the generated document. <code>list("Normal" = c("Author", "Date"))</code> will result in a document where all paragraphs styled with <code>stylename "Date"</code> and <code>stylename "Author"</code> will be then styled with <code>stylename "Normal"</code> .
reference_num	if TRUE, text for references to sections will be the section number (e.g. '3.2'). If FALSE, text for references to sections will be the text (e.g. 'section title').
...	arguments used by <a href="#">word_document</a>

**Value**

R Markdown output format to pass to [render](#)

**Finding stylenames**

You can access them in the Word template used. Function [styles\\_info\(\)](#) can let you read these styles.

You need `officer` to read the stylenames (to get information from a specific "reference\_docx", change `ref_docx_default` in the example below).

```
library(officer)
docx_file <- system.file(package = "officer", "template", "template.docx")
doc <- read_docx(docx_file)
```

To read paragraph stylenames:

```
styles_info(doc, type = "paragraph")
```

To read table stylenames:

```
styles_info(doc, type = "table")
```

To read list stylenames:

```
styles_info(doc, type = "numbering")
```

## R Markdown yaml

The following demonstrates how to pass arguments in the R Markdown yaml:

```
---
output:
  officedown::rdocx_document:
    reference_docx: pandoc_template.docx
    tables:
      style: Table
      layout: autofit
      width: 1.0
      caption:
        style: Table Caption
        pre: 'Table '
        sep: ': '
      conditional:
        first_row: true
        first_column: false
        last_row: false
        last_column: false
        no_hband: false
        no_vband: true
    plots:
      style: Normal
      align: center
      caption:
        style: Image Caption
        pre: 'Figure '
        sep: ': '
    lists:
      ol.style: null
      ul.style: null
    mapstyles:
      Normal: ['First Paragraph', 'Author', 'Date']
    reference_num: true
---
```

## Examples

```
library(rmarkdown)
run_ok <- pandoc_available() &&
  pandoc_version() >= numeric_version("2.0")

if(run_ok){

  # minimal example -----
  example <- system.file(package = "officedown",
    "examples/minimal_word.Rmd")
  rmd_file <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rmd")
```

```

file.copy(example, to = rmd_file)

docx_file_1 <- tempfile(fileext = ".docx")
render(rmd_file, output_file = docx_file_1, quiet = TRUE)

# bookdown example ----
if(require("bookdown")){

bookdown_loc <- system.file(package = "officedown", "examples/bookdown")

temp_dir <- tempfile()
# uncomment next line to get the result in your working directory
# temp_dir <- "./bd_example"

dir.create(temp_dir, showWarnings = FALSE, recursive = TRUE)
file.copy(
  from = list.files(bookdown_loc, full.names = TRUE),
  to = temp_dir,
  overwrite = TRUE, recursive = TRUE)

render_site(
  input = temp_dir, encoding = 'UTF-8',
  envir = new.env(), quiet = TRUE)

docx_file_2 <- file.path(temp_dir, "_book", "bookdown.docx")

if(file.exists(docx_file_2)){
  message("file ", docx_file_2, " has been written.")
}
}
}

```

## Description

Format for converting from R Markdown to an MS PowerPoint document. `rpptx_document2` also supports cross reference based on the syntax of the bookdown package.

The function will allow you to specify the destination of your chunks in the output PowerPoint file. In this case, you must specify the layout and master for the layout you want to use, as well as the `ph` argument, which will allow you to specify the placeholder to be generated to place the result. Use the `officer` package to help you choose the identifiers to use.

This function also support Vector graphics output in an editable format (using package `rvg`). Wrap you R plot commands with function `dml` to use this graphic capability.



**Usage**

```
rpptx_document(
  base_format = "rmarkdown::powerpoint_presentation",
  layout = "Title and Content",
  master = "Office Theme",
  tcf = list(),
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

base_format	a scalar character, format to be used as a base document for officedown. default to <a href="#">powerpoint_presentation</a> but can also be powerpoint_presentation2 from bookdown
layout	default slide layout name to use
master	default master layout name where layout is located
tcf	default conditional formatting settings defined by <a href="#">officer::table_conditional_formatting()</a>
...	arguments used by <a href="#">powerpoint_presentation</a>

**Value**

R Markdown output format to pass to [render](#)

**Examples**

```
library(rmarkdown)
run_ok <- pandoc_available() && pandoc_version() > numeric_version("2.4")

if(run_ok){
  example <- system.file(package = "officedown",
    "examples/minimal_powerpoint.Rmd")
  rmd_file <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rmd")
  file.copy(example, to = rmd_file)

  pptx_file_1 <- tempfile(fileext = ".pptx")
  render(rmd_file, output_file = pptx_file_1)
}

if(run_ok && require("ggplot2")){
  skeleton <- system.file(package = "officedown",
    "rmarkdown/templates/powerpoint/skeleton/skeleton.Rmd")
  rmd_file <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rmd")
  file.copy(skeleton, to = rmd_file)

  pptx_file_2 <- tempfile(fileext = ".pptx")
  render(rmd_file, output_file = pptx_file_2)
}
```

# Index

## \* functions that force printing

knit\_print\_block, [2](#)

knit\_print\_run, [3](#)

knit\_print\_block, [2](#), [3](#)

knit\_print\_run, [2](#), [3](#)

officer::table\_conditional\_formatting(),  
[9](#)

powerpoint\_presentation, [9](#)

rdocx\_document, [4](#)

render, [6](#), [9](#)

rpptx\_document, [8](#)

styles\_info(), [6](#)

table\_layout, [4](#)

word\_document, [4](#), [6](#)