Package 'opentripplanner'

January 20, 2020

Title Setup and connect to 'OpenTripPlanner'

Version 0.2.0.4

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Description Setup and connect to 'OpenTripPlanner' (OTP) <http://www.opentripplanner.org/>.
OTP is an open source platform for multi-modal and multi-agency
journey planning written in 'Java'. The package allows you to manage a local version or
connect to remote OTP server.
This package has been peer-reviewed by rOpenSci (v. 0.2.0.0).

Language EN-GB

License GPL-3

URL https://github.com/ropensci/opentripplanner,
https://docs.ropensci.org/opentripplanner/

BugReports https://github.com/ropensci/opentripplanner/issues

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Imports checkmate, dplyr, geodist, googlePolylines, httr, jsonlite,
pbapply, sf

RoxygenNote 7.0.2

Suggests covr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2020-01-20 17:00:05 UTC

R topics documented:

`opentripplanner-package`
OpenTripPlanner of R

Description

The goal of OpenTripPlanner for R is to provide a simple R interface to OpenTripPlanner (OTP). The OTP is a multimodal trip planning service.

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See Also

Useful links:

- https://github.com/ropensci/opentripplanner
- https://docs.ropensci.org/opentripplanner/
- Report bugs at https://github.com/ropensci/opentripplanner/issues

`otp_build_graph` *Build an OTP Graph*

Description

OTP is run in Java and requires Java commands to be typed into the command line. The function allows the parameters to be defined in R and automatically passed to Java. This function builds a OTP graph from the Open Street Map and other files.

Usage

```
otp_build_graph(
  otp = NULL,
  dir = NULL,
  memory = 2048,
  router = "default",
  analyst = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

`otp`	A character string, path to the OTP .jar file
`dir`	A character string, path to a directory containing the necessary files, see details
`memory`	A positive integer. Amount of memory to assign to the OTP in MB, default is 2048
`router`	A character string for the name of the router, must subfolder of dir/graphs, default "default". See vignettes for details.
`analyst`	Logical, should analyst feature be built, default FALSE. See advanced vignette for details.

Details

The OTP .jar file can be downloaded from https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/opentripplanner/otp/

To build an OTP graph requires the following files to be in the directory specified by the dir variable.

/graphs - A sub-directory

/default - A sub-directory with the name of the OTP router used in router' variable

osm.pbf - Required, pbf file containing the Open Street Map

router-config.json - Required, json file containing configurations settings for the OTP

gtfs.zip - Optional, and number of GTFS files with transit timetables

terrain.tif - Optional, GeoTiff image of terrain map

The function will accept any file name for the .jar file, but it must be the only .jar file in that directory OTP can support multiple routers (e.g. different regions), each router must have its own sub-directory in the graphs directory

Value

Character vector of messages produced by OTP, and will return the message "Graph built" if successful

See Also

Other setup: otp_dl_demo(), otp_dl_jar(), otp_make_config(), otp_setup(), otp_stop(), otp_validate_config(), otp_write_config()

Examples

```
## Not run:
log <- otp_build_graph(otp = "C:/otp/otp.jar", dir = "C:/data")

## End(Not run)
```

---

otp_connect *Set up and confirm a connection to an OTP instance.*

Description

Defines the parameters required to connect to a router on an OTP instance and, if required, confirms that the instance and router are query-able.

Usage

```
otp_connect(
  hostname = "localhost",
  router = "default",
  url = NULL,
  port = 8080,
  ssl = FALSE,
  check = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

hostname	A string, e.g. "ec2-34-217-73-26.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com". Optional, default is "localhost".
router	A string, e.g. "UK2018". Optional, default is "default". OTP can support multiple routers see advanced vignette for details.
url	If a non-standard URL structure is used provide a full url, default is NULL
port	A positive integer. Optional, default is 8080.
ssl	Logical, indicates whether to use https. Optional, default is FALSE.
check	Logical. If TRUE connection object is only returned if OTP instance and router are confirmed reachable. Optional, default is TRUE.

Details

The default URL structure for the OTP API is: http://<hostname>:<port>/otp/routers/<router> For example: http://localhost:8080/otp/routers/default

Functions construct the URL from the parameters provided in otpconnect objects. However some websites hosting OTP have modified the default URL structure. If this is the case you can use the `url` parameter to bypass the URL construction and provide a fully formed URL. In this case the `hostname`, `router`, `port`, and `ssl` are ignored.

Value

Returns an S3 object of class otpconnect. If `check` is TRUE and the router is not reachable the object is not returned.

Examples

```
## Not run:
otpcon <- otp_connect()
otpcon <- otp_connect(
  router = "UK2018",
  ssl = TRUE
)
otpcon <- otp_connect(
  hostname = "ec2.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com",
  router = "UK2018",
  port = 8888,
  ssl = TRUE
)
otpcon <- otp_connect(
  url = "https://api.digitransit.fi:443/routing/v1/routers/hsl"
)

## End(Not run)
```

`otp_dl_demo` *Download Demo Data*

Description

Download the demonstration data for the Isle of Wight

Usage

```
otp_dl_demo(
  path_data = NULL,
  url = paste0("https://github.com/ropensci/opentripplanner/",
    "releases/download/0.1/isle-of-wight-demo.zip")
)
```

Arguments

path_data	path to folder where data for OTP is to be stored
url	URL to data

See Also

Other setup: otp_build_graph(), otp_dl_jar(), otp_make_config(), otp_setup(), otp_stop(), otp_validate_config(), otp_write_config()

Examples

```
## Not run:
otp_dl_demo(tempdir())

## End(Not run)
```

---

otp_dl_jar *Download OTP Jar File*

Description

Download the OTP jar file from maven.org

Usage

```
otp_dl_jar(
  path = NULL,
  version = "1.4.0",
  file_name = "otp.jar",
  url = "https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/org/opentripplanner/otp"
)
```

Arguments

path	path to folder where OTP is to be stored
version	a character string of the version number default is "1.4.0"
file_name	file name to give the otp default "otp.jar"
url	URL to the dowload server

Value

The path to the OTP file

See Also

Other setup: otp_build_graph(), otp_dl_demo(), otp_make_config(), otp_setup(), otp_stop(), otp_validate_config(), otp_write_config()

Examples

```
## Not run:
otp_dl_jar(tempdir())

## End(Not run)
```

`otp_geocode` *Use OTP Geo-coder to find a location*

Description

Geo-coding converts a named place, such as a street name into a lng/lat pair.

Usage

```
otp_geocode(
  otpcon = NULL,
  query = NULL,
  autocomplete = FALSE,
  stops = TRUE,
  clusters = FALSE,
  corners = TRUE,
  type = "SF"
)
```

Arguments

`otpcon`	OTP connection object produced by otp_connect()
`query`	Character, The query string we want to geocode
`autocomplete`	logical Whether we should use the query string to do a prefix match, default FALSE
`stops`	Logical, Search for stops, either by name or stop code, default TRUE
`clusters`	Logical, Search for clusters by their name, default FALSE
`corners`	Logical, Search for street corners using at least one of the street names, default TRUE
`type`	Character, How should results be returned can be "SF" or "Coordinates" or "Both", Default "SF"

Details

OTP will return a maximum of 10 results

Value

Returns a data.frame of SF POINTS or Coordinates of all the locations that match ‘query‘

See Also

Other routing: `otp_isochrone()`, `otp_plan()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
locations <- otp_geocode(otpcon, "High Street")

## End(Not run)
```

`otp_isochrone` *Get the Isochrones from a location*

Description

Get the Isochrones from a location

Usage

```
otp_isochrone(
  otpcon = NA,
  fromPlace = NA,
  mode = "TRANSIT",
  date_time = Sys.time(),
  arriveBy = FALSE,
  maxWalkDistance = 800,
  walkReluctance = 5,
  transferPenalty = 0,
  minTransferTime = 600,
  cutoffSec = c(600, 1200, 1800, 2400, 3000, 3600)
)
```

Arguments

`otpcon`	OTP connection object produced by otp_connect()
`fromPlace`	Numeric vector, Longitude/Latitude pair, e.g. ‘c(-0.134649, 51.529258,)‘
`mode`	character vector of one or more modes of travel valid values TRANSIT, WALK, BICYCLE, CAR, BUS, RAIL, default CAR. Not all combinations are valid e.g. c("WALK","BUS") is valid but c("WALK","CAR") is not.
`date_time`	POSIXct, a date and time, defaults to current date and time
`arriveBy`	Logical, Whether the trip should depart or arrive at the specified date and time, default FALSE
`maxWalkDistance`	Numeric passed to OTP in metres
`walkReluctance`	Numeric passed to OTP

`transferPenalty`
: Numeric passed to OTP in seconds

`minTransferTime`
: Numeric passed to OTP

`cutoffSec`
: Numeric vector, number of seconds to define the break points of each Isochrone

Details

Isochrones are maps of equal travel time, for a given location a map is produced showing how long it takes to reach each location.

This feature is known to not work correctly with any mode other than TRANSIT.

Value

Returns a SF data.frame of POLYGONs

See Also

Other routing: `otp_geocode()`, `otp_plan()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
isochrone1 <- otp_isochrone(otpcon, fromPlace = c(-0.1346, 51.5292))
isochrone2 <- otp_isochrone(otpcon,
  fromPlace = c(-0.1346, 51.5292),
  mode = c("WALK", "TRANSIT"), cutoffSec = c(600, 1200, 1800)
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

otp_make_config *Make Config Object*

Description

OTP can be configured using three json files 'otp-config.json', 'build-config.json', and 'router-config.json'. This function creates a named list for each config file and populates the defaults values.

Usage

```
otp_make_config(type)
```

Arguments

`type`
: Which type of config file to create, "otp", "build", "router"

Details

For more details see: http://docs.opentripplanner.org/en/latest/Configuration

See Also

Other setup: otp_build_graph(), otp_dl_demo(), otp_dl_jar(), otp_setup(), otp_stop(), otp_validate_config(), otp_write_config()

Examples

```
{
  conf <- otp_make_config("build")
  conf <- otp_make_config("router")
}
```

---

otp_plan *Get get a route or routes from the OTP*

Description

This is the main routing function for OTP and can find single or multiple routes between 'fromPlace' and 'toPlace'.

Usage

```
otp_plan(
  otpcon = NA,
  fromPlace = NA,
  toPlace = NA,
  fromID = NULL,
  toID = NULL,
  mode = "CAR",
  date_time = Sys.time(),
  arriveBy = FALSE,
  maxWalkDistance = 1000,
  walkReluctance = 2,
  transferPenalty = 0,
  minTransferTime = 0,
  numItineraries = 3,
  full_elevation = FALSE,
  get_geometry = TRUE,
  ncores = 1
)
```

Arguments

otpcon	OTP connection object produced by otp_connect()
fromPlace	Numeric vector, Longitude/Latitude pair, e.g. 'c(-0.134649,51.529258)', or 2 column matrix of Longitude/Latitude pairs, or sf data frame of POINTS
toPlace	Numeric vector, Longitude/Latitude pair, e.g. 'c(-0.088780,51.506383)', or 2 column matrix of Longitude/Latitude pairs, or sf data frame of POINTS
fromID	character vector same length as fromPlace
toID	character vector same length as toPlace
mode	character vector of one or more modes of travel valid values TRANSIT, WALK, BICYCLE, CAR, BUS, RAIL, default CAR. Not all combinations are valid e.g. c("WALK","BUS") is valid but c("WALK","CAR") is not.
date_time	POSIXct, a date and time, defaults to current date and time
arriveBy	Logical, Whether the trip should depart or arrive at the specified date and time, default FALSE
maxWalkDistance	Numeric passed to OTP in metres
walkReluctance	Numeric passed to OTP
transferPenalty	Numeric passed to OTP
minTransferTime	Numeric passed to OTP in seconds
numItineraries	The maximum number of possible itineraries to return
full_elevation	Logical, should the full elevation profile be returned, default FALSE
get_geometry	Logical, should the route geometry be returned, default TRUE, see details
ncores	Numeric, number of cores to use when batch processing, default 1, see details

Details

This function returns a SF data.frame with one row for each leg of the journey (a leg is defined by a change in mode). For transit, more than one route option may be returned and is indicated by the 'route_option' column. The number of different itineraries can be set with the 'numItineraries' variable.

Batch Routing

When passing a matrix or SF data frame object to fromPlace and toPlace 'otp_plan' will route in batch mode. In this case the 'ncores' variable will be used. Increasing 'ncores' will enable multicore routing, the max 'ncores' should be the number of cores on your system - 1.

Elevation

OTP supports elevation data and can return the elevation profile of the route if available. OTP returns the elevation profile separately from the XY coordinates, this means there is not direct match between the number of XY points and the number of Z points. OTP also only returns the elevation profile for the first leg of the route (this appears to be a bug). As a default, the otp_plan function matches the elevation profile to the XY coordinates to return an SF linestring with XYZ coordinates. If you require a more detailed elevation profile, the full_elevation parameter will return

a nested data.frame with three columns. first and second are returned from OTP, while distance is the cumulative distance along the route and is derived from First.

Route Geometry

The 'get_geometry' provides the option to not return the route geometry, and just return the meta-data (e.g. journey time). This may be useful when creating an Origin:Destination matrix and also provides a small performance boost by reduced processing of geometries.

Value

Returns an SF data frame of LINESTRINGs

See Also

Other routing: `otp_geocode()`, `otp_isochrone()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
otpcon <- otp_connect()
otp_plan(otpcon, c(0.1, 55.3), c(0.6, 52.1))
otp_plan(otpcon, c(0.1, 55.3), c(0.6, 52.1),
  mode = c("WALK", "TRANSIT")
)
otp_plan(otpcon, c(0.1, 55.3), c(0.6, 52.1),
  mode = "BICYCLE", arriveBy = TRUE,
  date_time = as.POSIXct(strptime("2018-06-03 13:30", "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M"))
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

otp_setup *Set up an OTP instance.*

Description

OTP is run in Java and requires Java commands to be typed into the command line. The function allows the parameters to be defined in R and automatically passed to Java. This function sets up a local instance of OTP, for remote versions see documentation.

The function assumes you have run otp_build_graph()

Usage

```
otp_setup(
  otp = NULL,
  dir = NULL,
  memory = 2048,
  router = "default",
```

```
  port = 8080,
  securePort = 8081,
  analyst = FALSE,
  wait = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

otp	A character string, path to the OTP .jar file
dir	A character string, path to a directory containing the necessary files, see details
memory	A positive integer. Amount of memory to assign to the OTP in MB, default is 2048
router	A character for the name of the router to use, must be subfolder of dir/graphs, default "default". See vignettes for details.
port	A positive integer. Optional, default is 8080.
securePort	A positive integer. Optional, default is 8081.
analyst	Logical. Should the analyst features be loaded? Default FALSE
wait	Logical, Should R wait until OTP has loaded before running next line of code, default TRUE

Details

To run an OTP graph must have been created using otp_build_graph and the following files to be in the directory specified by the dir variable.

/graphs - A sub-directory

/default - A sub-directory with the name of the OTP router used in 'router' variable

graph.obj OTP graph

Value

This function does not return a value to R. If wait is TRUE R will wait until OTP is running (maximum of 5 minutes). After 5 minutes (or if wait is FALSE) the function will return R to your control, but the OTP will keep loading.

See Also

Other setup: `otp_build_graph()`, `otp_dl_demo()`, `otp_dl_jar()`, `otp_make_config()`, `otp_stop()`, `otp_validate_config()`, `otp_write_config()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
otp_setup(
  otp = "C:/otp/otp.jar",
  dir = "C:/data"
)
otp_setup(
```

```
  otp = "C:/otp/otp.jar",
  dir = "C:/data",
  memory = 5000,
  analyst = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

`otp_stop` *Stop and OTP Instance*

Description

OTP is run in Java and requires Java commands to be typed into the command line. The function allows the parameters to be defined in R and automatically passed to Java. This function stops an already running OTP instance

Usage

```
otp_stop(warn = TRUE, kill_all = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`warn`	Logical, should you get a warning message
`kill_all`	Logical, should all Java instances be killed?

Details

The function assumes you have run otp_setup()

Value

This function return a message but no object

See Also

Other setup: `otp_build_graph()`, `otp_dl_demo()`, `otp_dl_jar()`, `otp_make_config()`, `otp_setup()`, `otp_validate_config()`, `otp_write_config()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
otp_stop(kill_all = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

otp_validate_config *Validate Config Object*

Description

Checks if the list of OTP configuration options is valid

Usage

```
otp_validate_config(config, type = attributes(config)$config_type)
```

Arguments

config	A named list made/modified from ‘otp_make_config()‘
type	type of config file

Details

Performs basic validity checks on class, max/min values etc as appropriate, some of more complex parameters are not checked. For more details see:

http://docs.opentripplanner.org/en/latest/Configuration http://dev.opentripplanner.org/javadoc/1.3.0/org/opentripplanner/rout

See Also

Other setup: otp_build_graph(), otp_dl_demo(), otp_dl_jar(), otp_make_config(), otp_setup(), otp_stop(), otp_write_config()

Examples

```
## Not run:
conf <- otp_make_config("build")
otp_validate_config(conf)

## End(Not run)
```

otp_write_config *Write config object as json file*

Description

Takes a config list produced by ‘otp_make_config()‘ and saves it as json file for OTP

Usage

```
otp_write_config(config, dir = NULL, router = "default")
```

Arguments

config	A named list made/modified from ‘otp_make_config()‘
dir	Path to folder where data for OTP is to be stored
router	name of the router, default is "default", must be a subfolder of dir/graphs

See Also

Other setup: otp_build_graph(), otp_dl_demo(), otp_dl_jar(), otp_make_config(), otp_setup(), otp_stop(), otp_validate_config()

Examples

```
## Not run:
conf <- otp_make_config("build")
otp_write_config(conf, dir = tempdir())

## End(Not run)
```

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