

Package ‘mrbayes’

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Type Package

Title Bayesian Summary Data Models for Mendelian Randomization Studies

Version 0.1.0

Description Bayesian estimation of inverse variance weighted (IVW), Burgess et al. (2013) <doi:10.1002/gepi.21758>, and MR-Egger, Bowden et al. (2015) <doi:10.1093/ije/dyv080>, summary data models for Mendelian randomization analyses.

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports methods

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Suggests testthat, rjags (>= 4-9), tidyverse, knitr, ggplot2, ggmcmc, foreign, DescTools, bayesmeta, utils, kableExtra, roxygen2, bookdown

URL <https://github.com/okezie94/mrbayes>

BugReports <https://github.com/okezie94/mrbayes/issues>

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

SystemRequirements JAGS 4.x.y

NeedsCompilation no

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mr_bayes-package	<i>mr_bayes: Bayesian implementation of the IVW and MR-Egger models for two-sample Mendelian randomization analyses</i>
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Description

mr_bayes: Bayesian implementation of the IVW and MR-Egger models for two-sample Mendelian randomization analyses

bmi_insulin	<i>Dataset from Richmond et. al 2017 investigating the association of BMI on insulin resistance</i>
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Description

A two-sample summary level dataset, Richmond et al. (2017) <https://dx.doi.org/10.1101/155739>, containing 14 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) which have genotype-phenotype associations (BMI) and genotype-outcome associations (insulin) with their respective standard errors.

Usage

```
bmi_insulin
```

Format

A data frame with 14 rows and 44 columns:

rsid SNP RSID number

beta.exposure The genotype-BMI associations

beta.outcome The genotype-outcome associations

se.exposure The standard errors of the genotype-phenotype associations

se.outcome The standard errors of the genotype-outcome associations

Details

bmi_insulin.

References

Richmond, R. et al., Investigating the role of insulin in increased adiposity: Bi-directional Mendelian randomization study. bioRxiv, 2017, <https://dx.doi.org/10.1101/155739>.

do_data	<i>Dataset from Do et al., Nat Gen, 2013 containing summary level data on associations of genotypes with lipid traits and the risk of coronary heart diseases</i>
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Description

A summary-level dataset, from Do et al. (2013) <https://dx.doi.org/10.1038/ng.2795>, containing 185 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) which have genotype-phenotype associations and standard errors for low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol and triglycerides, and genotype-outcome associations for (coronary heart disease) with their respective standard errors.

Usage

do_data

Format

A data frame with 185 rows and 9 columns:

rsid SNPs RSID number

ldlcbeta The genotype-phenotype associations for low-density lipoprotein cholesterol

hdlcbeta The genotype-phenotype associations for high-density lipoprotein cholesterol

tgbeta The genotype-phenotype associations for triglycerides

chdbeta The genotype-outcome associations in this case the outcome is coronary heart disease

ldlcse The standard errors of the genotype-low-density lipoprotein cholesterol associations

hdlcse The standard errors of the genotype-high-density lipoprotein cholesterol associations

tgse The standard errors of the genotype-triglyceride associations

chdse The standard errors of the genotype-outcome coronary heart disease associations

Details

do_data.

References

Do, R. et al., Common variants associated with plasma triglycerides and risk for coronary artery disease. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 1345-1352, <https://dx.doi.org/10.1038/ng.2795>.

mr_egger_rjags	<i>Bayesian implementation of the MR-Egger model with choice of prior distributions fitted using JAGS.</i>
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Description

Bayesian implementation of the MR-Egger model with choice of prior distributions fitted using JAGS.

Usage

```
mr_egger_rjags(object, prior = "default", betaprior = "",
  sigmaprior = "", n.chains = 1, n.burn = 1000, n.iter = 5000,
  seed = NULL, rho = 0.5, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A data object of class mr_format
prior	A character string for selecting the prior distributions; "default" selects a non-informative set of priors; "weak" selects weakly informative priors; "pseudo" selects a pseudo-horseshoe prior on the causal effect, "joint" selects a joint prior on the intercept and slope
betaprior	A character string in JAGS syntax to allow a user defined prior for the causal effect.
sigmaprior	A character string in JAGS syntax to allow a user defined prior for the residual standard deviation
n.chains	Numeric indicating the number of chains used in the MCMC estimation, the default is 1 chain.
n.burn	Numeric indicating the burn-in period of the Bayesian MCMC estimation. The default is 1000 samples.
n.iter	Numeric indicating the number of iterations in the Bayesian MCMC estimation. The default is 5000 iterations.
seed	Numeric indicating the random number seed. The default is the rjags default.
rho	Numeric indicating the correlation coefficient input into the joint prior distribution. The default value is 0.5
...	Additional arguments passed through to rjags::jags.model()

Value

The result object of class eggerjags contains the following components:

AvgPleio The mean of the simulated pleiotropic effect

CausalEffect The mean of the simulated causal effect

StandardError Standard deviation of the simulated causal effect

sigma The value of the residual standard deviation

CredibleInterval The credible interval for the causal effect, which includes the lower (2.5%), median (50%) and upper intervals (97.5%)

samples Output of the Bayesian MCMC samples

Priors The specified priors

References

Bowden et. al., Mendelian randomization with invalid instruments: effect estimation and bias detection through Egger regression. *International Journal of Epidemiology* 2015. 44(2): p. 512-525. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ije/dyv080>

Examples

```
data(bmi_insulin)
fit <- mr_egger_rjags(bmi_insulin, n.chains = 1)
summary(fit)
plot(fit$samples)
# 90% credible interval
fitdf <- do.call(rbind.data.frame, fit$samples)
cri90 <- quantile(fitdf$Estimate, probs = c(0.05,0.95))
print(cri90)
```

mr_format

Organises the summary level data for use in the Bayesian MR functions

Description

Organises the summary level data for use in the Bayesian MR functions

Usage

```
mr_format(rsid, xbeta, ybeta, xse, yse)
```

Arguments

rsid	A vector of genetic variants used for analysis, if unspecified a vector is automatically generated.
xbeta	A numeric vector of the instrument-phenotype associations.
ybeta	A numeric vector of the instrument-outcome associations.
xse	The standard errors of the instrument-phenotype associations xbeta.
yse	The standard errors of the instrument-outcome associations ybeta.

Value

A formatted data frame for analysis of class `mr_format`.

Examples

```
data(bmi_insulin)
dat <- mr_format(rsid = bmi_insulin[, "rsid"],
  xbeta = bmi_insulin[, "beta.exposure"],
  ybeta = bmi_insulin[, "beta.outcome"],
  xse = bmi_insulin[, "se.exposure"],
  yse = bmi_insulin[, "se.outcome"])
class(dat)
```

<code>mr_ivw_rjags</code>	<i>Bayesian inverse variance weighted model with a choice of prior distributions fitted using JAGS.</i>
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Description

Bayesian inverse variance weighted model with a choice of prior distributions fitted using JAGS.

Usage

```
mr_ivw_rjags(object, prior = "default", betaprior = "", n.chains = 1,
  n.burn = 1000, n.iter = 5000, seed = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A data object of class <code>mr_format</code>
<code>prior</code>	A character string for selecting the prior distributions; "default" selects a non-informative set of priors; "weak" selects weakly informative priors; "pseudo" selects a pseudo-horseshoe prior on the causal effect.
<code>betaprior</code>	A character string in JAGS syntax to allow a user defined prior for the causal effect.
<code>n.chains</code>	Numeric indicating the number of chains used in the MCMC estimation, the default is 1 chain.
<code>n.burn</code>	Numeric indicating the burn-in period of the Bayesian MCMC estimation. The default is 1000 samples.
<code>n.iter</code>	Numeric indicating the number of iterations in the Bayesian MCMC estimation. The default is 5000 iterations.
<code>seed</code>	Numeric indicating the random number seed. The default is the <code>rjags</code> default.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed through to <code>rjags::jags.model()</code>

Value

An object of class `ivwjags` containing the following components:

CausalEffect The mean of the simulated causal effects

StandardError Standard deviation of the simulated causal effects

CredibleInterval The credible interval for the causal effect, which indicates the lower(2.5%), median (50%) and upper intervals (97.5%)

samples Output of the Bayesian MCMC samples with the different chains

Priors The specified priors

References

Burgess, S., Butterworth, A., Thompson S.G. Mendelian randomization analysis with multiple genetic variants using summarized data. *Genetic Epidemiology*, 2013, 37, 7, 658-665 <https://dx.doi.org/10.1002/gepi.21758>.

Examples

```
data(bmi_insulin)
fit <- mr_ivw_rjags(bmi_insulin)
print(fit)
summary(fit)
plot(fit$samples)
# 90% credible interval
fitdf <- do.call(rbind.data.frame, fit$samples)
cri90 <- quantile(fitdf$Estimate, probs = c(0.05,0.95))
print(cri90)
```

`mr_radialegger_rjags` *Bayesian radial MR-Egger model with a choice of prior distributions fitted using JAGS.*

Description

Bayesian radial MR-Egger model with a choice of prior distributions fitted using JAGS.

Usage

```
mr_radialegger_rjags(object, prior = "default", betaprior = "",
  sigmaprior = "", n.chains = 1, n.burn = 1000, n.iter = 5000,
  seed = NULL, rho = 0.5, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A data object of class mr_format
prior	A character string for selecting the prior distributions; "default" selects a non-informative set of priors; "weak" selects weakly informative priors; "pseudo" selects a pseudo-horseshoe prior on the causal effect, "joint" selects a joint prior on the intercept and slope.
betaprior	A character string in JAGS syntax to allow a user defined prior for the causal effect.
sigmaprior	A character string in JAGS syntax to allow a user defined prior for the residual standard deviation.
n.chains	Numeric indicating the number of chains used in the MCMC estimation, the default is 1 chain.
n.burn	Numeric indicating the burn-in period of the Bayesian MCMC estimation. The default is 1000 samples.
n.iter	Numeric indicating the number of iterations in the Bayesian MCMC estimation. The default is 5000 iterations.
seed	Numeric indicating the random number seed. The default is the rjags default.
rho	Numeric indicating the correlation coefficient input into the joint prior distribution. The default is 0.5.
...	Additional arguments passed through to rjags::jags.model()

Value

An object of class radialeggerjags containing the following components:

AvgPleio The mean of the simulated pleiotropic effect

CausalEffect The mean of the simulated causal effect

StandardError Standard deviation of the simulated causal effect

sigma The mean of the simulated residual standard deviation

CredibleInterval The credible interval for the causal effect, which includes the lower (2.5%), median (50%) and upper intervals (97.5%)

samples Output of the Bayesian MCMC samples

Prior The specified priors

References

Bowden, J., et al., Improving the visualization, interpretation and analysis of two-sample summary data Mendelian randomization via the Radial plot and Radial regression. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, 2018. 47(4): p. 1264-1278. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ije/dyy101>

Examples

```
data(bmi_insulin)
fit <- mr_radialegger_rjags(bmi_insulin, n.chains = 1)
summary(fit)
plot(fit$samples)
# 90% credible interval
fitdf <- do.call(rbind.data.frame, fit$samples)
cri90 <- quantile(fitdf$Estimate, probs = c(0.05,0.95))
print(cri90)
```

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